By: Senator(s) Walls

To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2517

| 1 2 3 | AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 99-19-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ELIMINATE THE DEATH PENALTY FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE MENTALLY RETARDED; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. |
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| 4 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: |
| 5 | SECTION 1. Section 99-19-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is |
| 6 | amended as follows: |
| 7 | 99-19-101. (1) Upon conviction or adjudication of guilt of |
| 8 | a defendant of capital murder or other capital offense, the court |
| 9 | shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine |
| 10 | whether the defendant should be sentenced to death, life |
| 11 | imprisonment without eligibility for parole, or life imprisonment. |
| 12 | The proceeding shall be conducted by the trial judge before the |
| 13 | trial jury as soon as practicable. If, through impossibility or |
| 14 | inability, the trial jury is unable to reconvene for a hearing on |
| 15 | the issue of penalty, having determined the guilt of the accused, |
| 16 | the trial judge may summon a jury to determine the issue of the |
| 17 | imposition of the penalty. If the trial jury has been waived, or |
| 18 | if the defendant pleaded guilty, the sentencing proceeding shall |
| 19 | be conducted before a jury impaneled for that purpose or may be |
| 20 | conducted before the trial judge sitting without a jury if both |
| 21 | the State of Mississippi and the defendant agree thereto in |
| 22 | writing. In the proceeding, evidence may be presented as to any |
| 23 | matter that the court deems relevant to sentence, and shall |
| 24 | include matters relating to any of the aggravating or mitigating |
| 25 | circumstances. However, this subsection shall not be construed to |
| 26 | authorize the introduction of any evidence secured in violation of |

- 27 the Constitution of the United States or of the State of
- 28 Mississippi. The state and the defendant and/or his counsel shall
- 29 be permitted to present arguments for or against the sentence of
- 30 death.
- 31 (2) After hearing all the evidence, the jury shall
- 32 deliberate on the following matters:
- 33 (a) Whether sufficient factors exist as enumerated in
- 34 subsection (7) of this section;
- 35 (b) Whether sufficient aggravating circumstances exist
- 36 as enumerated in subsection (5) of this section;
- 37 (c) Whether sufficient mitigating circumstances exist
- 38 as enumerated in subsection (6) of this section, which outweigh
- 39 the aggravating circumstances found to exist; * * *
- 40 (d) Based on these considerations, whether the
- 41 defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment, life
- 42 imprisonment without eligibility for parole, or death; and
- (e) That the defendant is not mentally retarded.
- 44 (3) For the jury to impose a sentence of death, it must
- 45 unanimously find in writing the following:
- 46 (a) That sufficient factors exist as enumerated in
- 47 subsection (7) of this section;
- 48 (b) That sufficient aggravating circumstances exist as
- 49 enumerated in subsection (5) of this section; and
- 50 (c) That there are insufficient mitigating
- 51 circumstances, as enumerated in subsection (6), to outweigh the
- 52 aggravating circumstances.
- In each case in which the jury imposes the death sentence,
- 54 the determination of the jury shall be supported by specific
- 55 written findings of fact based upon the circumstances in
- 56 subsections (5) and (6) of this section and upon the records of
- 57 the trial and the sentencing proceedings. If, after the trial of
- 58 the penalty phase, the jury does not make the findings requiring
- 59 the death sentence or life imprisonment without eligibility for
- 60 parole, or is unable to reach a decision, the court shall impose a
- 61 sentence of life imprisonment.
- 62 (4) The judgment of conviction and sentence of death shall
- 63 be subject to automatic review by the Supreme Court of Mississippi

- 64 within sixty (60) days after certification by the sentencing court
- of entire record, unless the time is extended for an additional
- 66 period by the Supreme Court for good cause shown. Such review by
- 67 the Supreme Court shall have priority over all other cases and
- 68 shall be heard in accordance with rules promulgated by the Supreme
- 69 Court.
- 70 (5) Aggravating circumstances shall be limited to the
- 71 following:
- 72 (a) The capital offense was committed by a person under
- 73 sentence of imprisonment.
- 74 (b) The defendant was previously convicted of another
- 75 capital offense or of a felony involving the use or threat of
- 76 violence to the person.
- 77 (c) The defendant knowingly created a great risk of
- 78 death to many persons.
- 79 (d) The capital offense was committed while the
- 80 defendant was engaged, or was an accomplice, in the commission of,
- 81 or an attempt to commit, or flight after committing or attempting
- 82 to commit, any robbery, rape, arson, burglary, kidnapping,
- 83 aircraft piracy, sexual battery, unnatural intercourse with any
- 84 child under the age of twelve (12), or nonconsensual unnatural
- 85 intercourse with mankind, or felonious abuse and/or battery of a
- 86 child in violation of subsection (2) of Section 97-5-39,
- 87 Mississippi Code of 1972, or the unlawful use or detonation of a
- 88 bomb or explosive device.
- 89 (e) The capital offense was committed for the purpose
- 90 of avoiding or preventing a lawful arrest or effecting an escape
- 91 from custody.
- 92 (f) The capital offense was committed for pecuniary
- 93 gain.
- 94 (g) The capital offense was committed to disrupt or
- 95 hinder the lawful exercise of any governmental function or the
- 96 enforcement of laws.

- 97 (h) The capital offense was especially heinous,
- 98 atrocious or cruel.
- 99 (6) Mitigating circumstances shall be the following:
- 100 (a) The defendant has no significant history of prior
- 101 criminal activity.
- 102 (b) The offense was committed while the defendant was
- 103 under the influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbance.
- 104 (c) The victim was a participant in the defendant's
- 105 conduct or consented to the act.
- 106 (d) The defendant was an accomplice in the capital
- 107 offense committed by another person and his participation was
- 108 relatively minor.
- 109 (e) The defendant acted under extreme duress or under
- 110 the substantial domination of another person.
- 111 (f) The capacity of the defendant to appreciate the
- 112 criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the
- 113 requirements of law was substantially impaired.
- 114 (g) The age of the defendant at the time of the crime.
- 115 (7) In order to return and impose a sentence of death the
- 116 jury must make a written finding of one or more of the following:
- 117 (a) The defendant actually killed;
- 118 (b) The defendant attempted to kill;
- 119 (c) The defendant intended that a killing take place;
- 120 (d) The defendant contemplated that lethal force would
- 121 be employed.
- 122 <u>(8) For purposes of this act, "mentally retarded" means</u>
- 123 significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning which
- 124 <u>exists concurrently with defects in adaptive behavior and which is</u>
- 125 <u>manifested during the developmental period</u>. No person who is
- 126 mentally retarded, as defined in this subsection, shall be
- 127 <u>sentenced to death or executed.</u>
- 128 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 129 and after July 1, 1999.